

Grade 8 Factorization

Q1) Factorize by grouping the terms

i) $15xy - 6x + 10y - 4$ ii) $n - 7 + 7lm - lmn$ iii) $x^2 - xz + xy - xz$

Q2) Factorize using identity

i) $9a^2 - 16b^2$ ii) $80a^2 - 45b^2$ iii) $x^4 - y^4$

Q3) Factorize as perfect square using identity.

i) $x^2 + 8x + 16$ ii) $4x^2 - 4xy + y^2 - 9z^2$
 iii) $4(x + y)^2 - 28y(x + y) + 49y^2$

Q4) Factorize by splitting the middle term.

i) $x^2 - 11x - 42$ ii) $6x^2 + 5x - 6$ iii) $x^2 + 5x - 36$

Q5) Factorize by method of completing square.

i) $z^2 - 4z - 12$

Q6) $x + \frac{1}{x} = 4$ find the value of

i) $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$ ii) $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4}$

Q7) If $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = \frac{10}{3}$ find xy and $(x + y)$

Answer key

A1) i) $(3x+2)(5y-2)$ ii) $(n-7)(1-lm)$ iii) $x(x - 2z + y)$

A2) i) $(3a-4b)(3a+4b)$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii)} \quad & 80a^2 - 45b^2 = 5(16a^2 - 9b^2) \\&= 5\{(4a)^2 - (3b)^2\} \\&= 5(4a + 3b)(4a - 3b)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{iii)} \quad & x^4 - y^4 = (x^2)^2 - (y^2)^2 \\&= (x^2 - y^2)(x^2 + y^2) \\&= (x + y)(x - y)(x^2 + y^2)\end{aligned}$$

A3) i) $(x + 4)^2$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{ii) ii)} \quad & 4x^2 - 4xy + y^2 - 9z^2 \\&= (2x)^2 - 2 \times 2x \times y + y^2 - 9z^2 \\&\quad (2x - y)^2 - (3z)^2 \\&= (2x - y + 3z)(2x - y - 3z)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{iii)} \quad & 4(x + y)^2 - 28y(x + y) + 49y^2 \\&\quad \{2(x + y)\}^2 - 2 \times 2(x + y) \times 7y + (7y)^2 \\&= \{2(x + y) - 7y\}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$= (2x + 2y - 7y)^2$$

$$(2x - 7y)^2$$

A4)

i) $x^2 - 11x - 42$

$$x^2 - 14x + 3x - 42$$

$$x(x + 3) - 14(x + 3)$$

$$= (x + 3)(x - 14)$$

ii)

ii) $6x^2 + 5x - 6$

$$6x^2 + 9x - 4x - 6$$

$$= 3x(2x + 3) - 2(2x + 3) = (3x - 2)(2x + 3)$$

iii) $x^2 + 5x - 36$

$$x^2 + 9x - 4x - 36$$

$$= x(x + 9) - 4(x + 9)$$

$$= (x - 4)(x + 9)$$

A5)i) $(z-6)(z+2)$ hint $(z^2 - 2 \cdot 2 \cdot z + 2^2) - 2^2 - 12 = (z-2)^2 - 4^2$

$$\Rightarrow (z - 2 - 4)(z - 2 + 4) \Rightarrow (z - 6)(z + 2)$$

Sol6)

$$(x + \frac{1}{x})^2 = x^2 + 2x \times \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$(x + \frac{1}{x})^2 = x^2 + 2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$(4)^2 - 2 = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$14 = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

ii)

Now,

$$(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2})^2 = x^4 + 2x^2 \times \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^4}$$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 14$$

$$(14)^2 = x^4 + 2 + \frac{1}{x^4}$$

$$x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} = 196 - 2 = 194$$

Q7) If $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = \frac{10}{3}$ find xy and $(x + y)$

$$\text{Sol7)} \sqrt{\frac{x}{y}} + \sqrt{\frac{y}{x}} = \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{y}} + \frac{\sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{10}{3}$$

Cross multiply

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x} \times \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} \times \sqrt{y}}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{y}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(\sqrt{x})^2 + (\sqrt{y})^2}{\sqrt{x}\sqrt{y}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x + y}{\sqrt{xy}} = \frac{10}{3}$$



$$\Rightarrow x + y = 10 \text{ and } xy = 3^2 = 9$$

Scorecents